



Market transparency: the Chilean experience using derivatives trading data

Financial Information Forum: FIF May 2022

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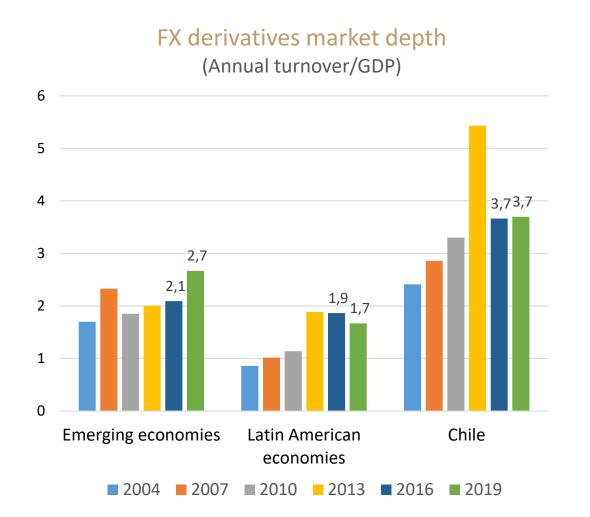
Worldwide commitment to enhance the operation of OTC derivatives markets

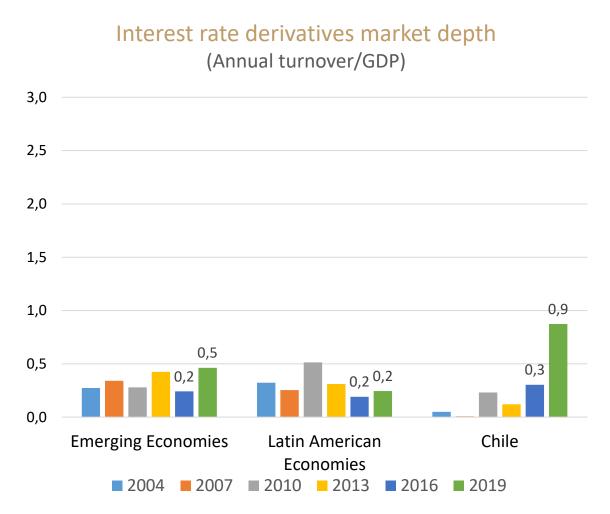
- In 2009, after the global financial crisis, G-20 leaders committed to improve the operation of the OTC derivatives markets, by ensuring:
 - All standardized OTC derivatives are traded on exchanges or electronic trading platforms;
 - Transactions are cleared through central counterparties (CCP); and
 - All transactions are reported to <u>trade repositories (TR)</u>.
- In 2012 BIS/IOSCO published 'Principles for Financial Market Infrastructures' (PFMI).
- These commitments are highly relevant to Chile as all derivatives traded in the market are OTC.

What is a Trade Repository (TR)?

- It is a centralized entity, that keeps records at the transactional level of financial derivatives.
- Among its functions are the collection, storage and dissemination of information on the financial conditions of OTC derivatives.

The Chilean FX market is deeper than other emerging and Latin-American economies. In the interest rate market, the growth of turnover is particularly noteworthy.





In 2018, the Central Bank of Chile decided to start implementing the first TR in the country called "Integrated Derivatives Information System (SIID-TR)".

- An interdisciplinary group was gathered from different areas of the CBC and a permanent working group with the Financial Market Regulator was implemented in order to develop the project.
- A five-year timeframe was defined, including a new legal framework, IT systems and state of the art operation.
- A key component was learning from other TRs and international initiatives such as those from the HKMA, BoE, Banxico and the ECB among others.



Underlying the progress achieved so far, Chile has received the maximum score regarding the TR's implementation of the PFMI (level 1).

Jurisdiction	Payment Systems	Central securities depositories & securities settlement system	Central counterparty	Trade repository
Argentina	4	3 / 4	3	4
Australia	4	4	4	4
Brazil	4	4	4	4
Canada	4	4	4	4
Chile	4	4	4	4
European Union	4	4	4	4
Hong Kong	4	4	4	4
Japan	4	4	4	4
Mexico	4	4	4	4
United Kingdom	4	4	4	4
United States	4	4	4	4



Source: CPMI/IOSCO

With this new scope, we expect to include the majority of the OTC derivatives contracts in Chile and the 100% of the banking sector transactions.

	Counterparties		Asset Class			Current
			FX	Interest rate	Fixed income	New (SIID-TR)
		Banks				■ Not included
		Supervised financial institutions (stockbrokers, Insurance companies, investment funds administrators)				
		Corporate sector				
		Non resident				
	Supervised	Supervised financial institutions				
	IIIstitutions	Corporate sector				
		Non resident				
	Corporate	Corporate sector				
	sector	Non resident				banco central





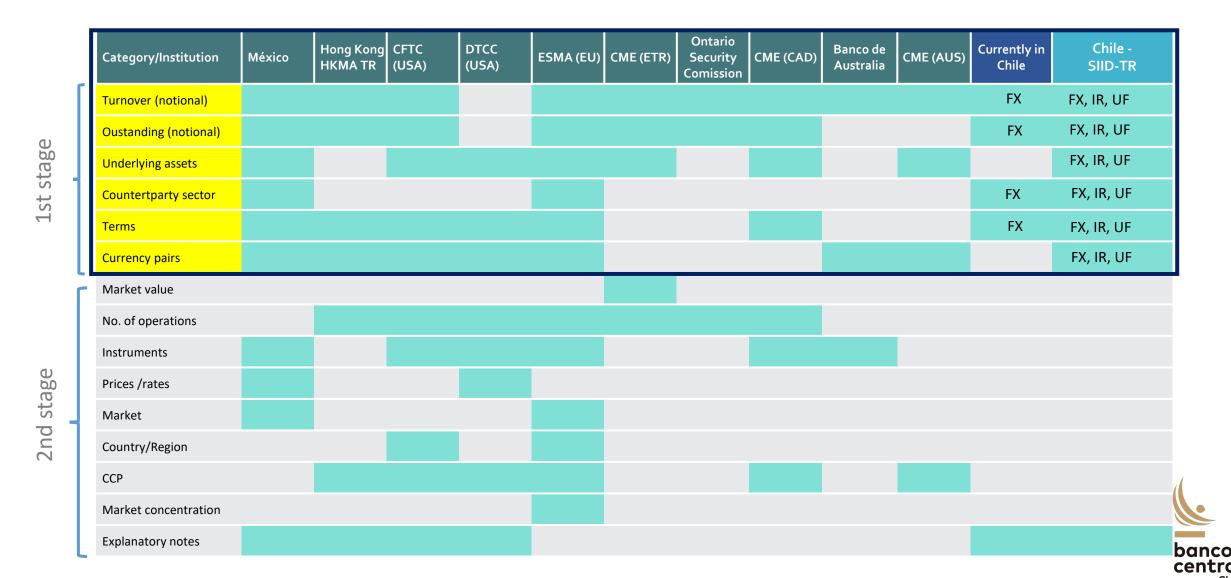
The SIID-TR was developed following international standards for financial market infrastructures and will come into operation in August 2022.

The main objectives of this TR are:





A plan was drawn up for the development of new statistics, taking into account international experience in TR publications, which will be addressed in two stages.



The new statistics consider the expansion of derivatives reporting coverage by incorporating underlying assets relevant to market monitoring and financial stability.

	FX	IR	UF	Greater timeliness and breakdowns
Daily statistics (2-day lag)				New information
Monthly statistics (23-day lag)				



New products to increase market transparency

Daily series will be published with a two-day lag given the importance of timeliness and high frequency in this market.

A detailed monthly report will complement the published statistics.

A web portal is available exclusively for the Chilean TR

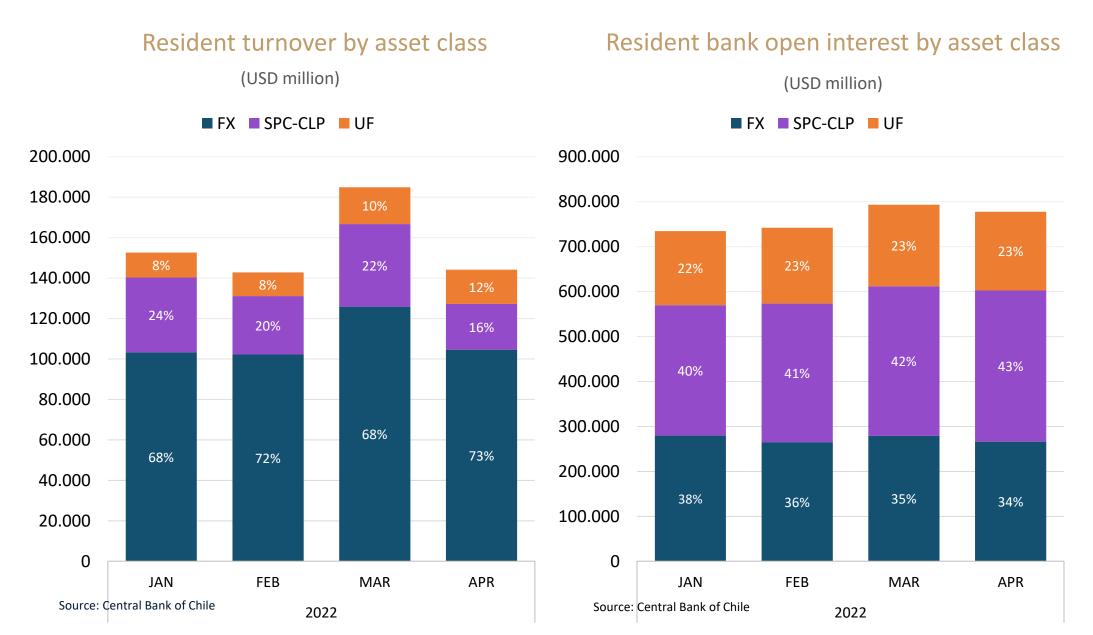








The main markets are FX, IR and inflation.



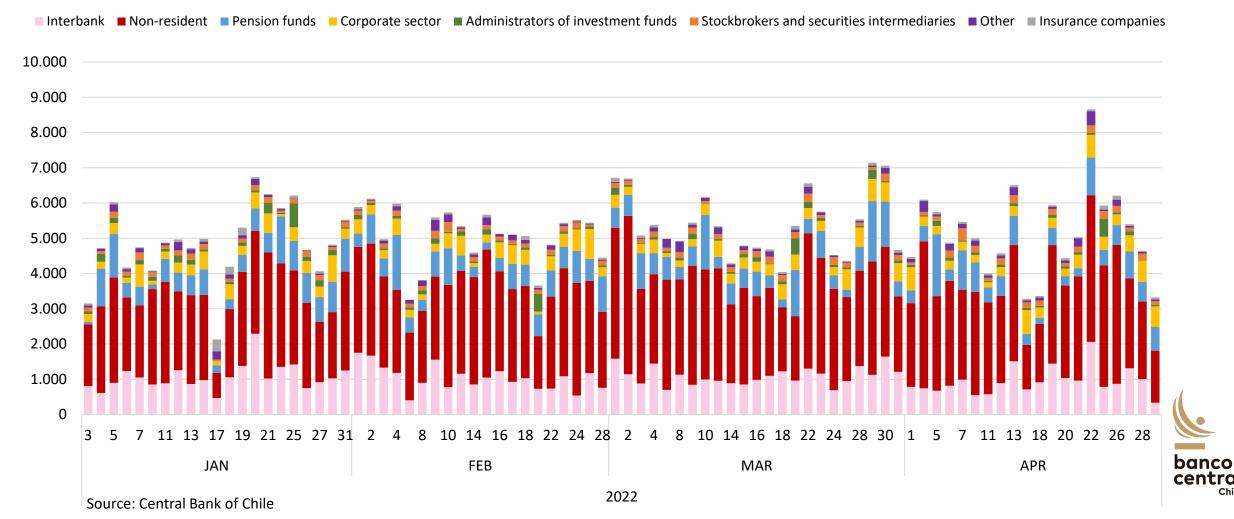




Various sectors participate in the FX derivatives market, the most important 17 being Non-residents.

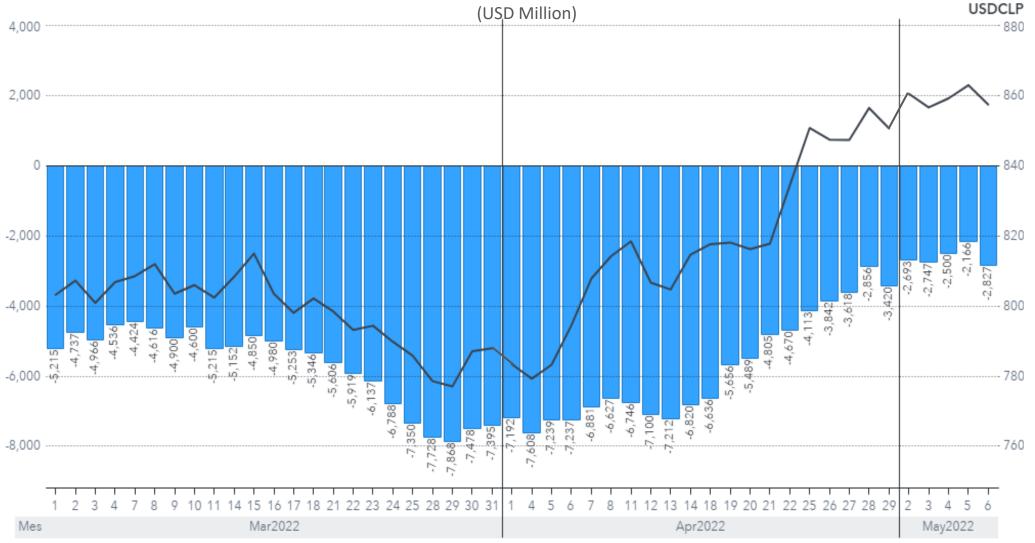
Resident bank FX derivatives turnover by counterparty sector

(USD Million)



Non-residents are one of the main driver of the local currency. Foreign exchange forward sales drive the exchange rate downwards

Non resident FX net outstanding with resident Banks





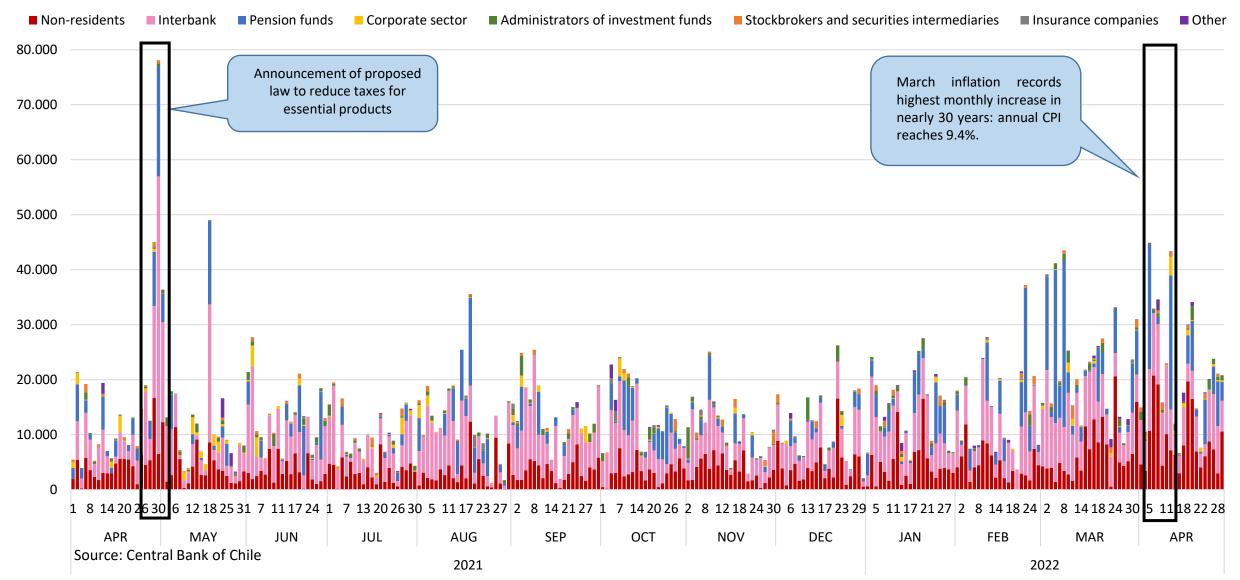
Source: Central Bank of Chile



The market is more active in response to relevant inflation news.

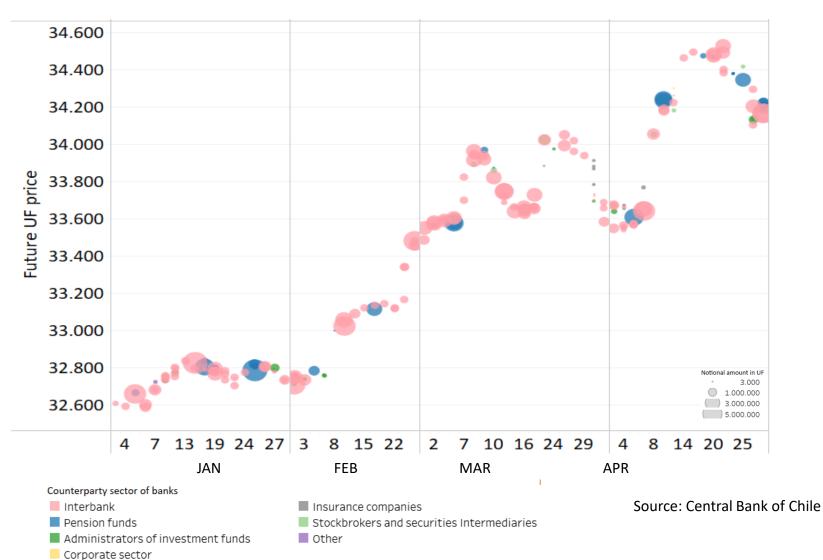
Resident bank inflation derivatives turnover by counterparty sector

(Thousands of UF)



Inflation forward market prices have been rising, implying year-end inflation expectations of 10%.

Inflation forward prices/turnover to Dec. 2022

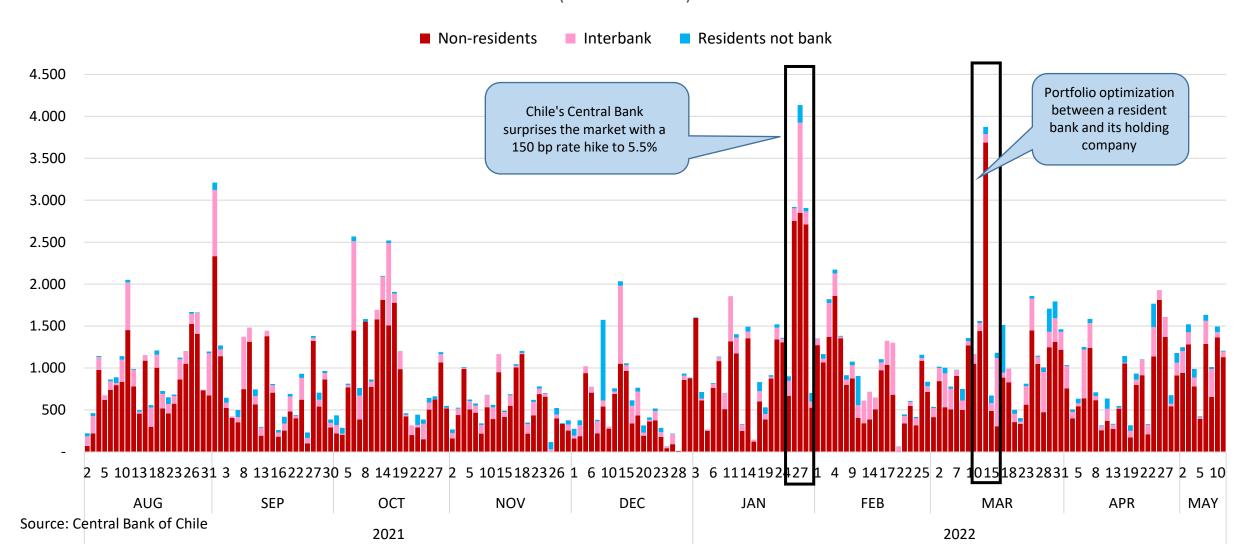






Non-residents are active participants in the Chilean *cámara IRS* market, speculating on future MPR movements.

Resident bank *cámara* IRS turnover by counterparty sector (Billions of CLP)

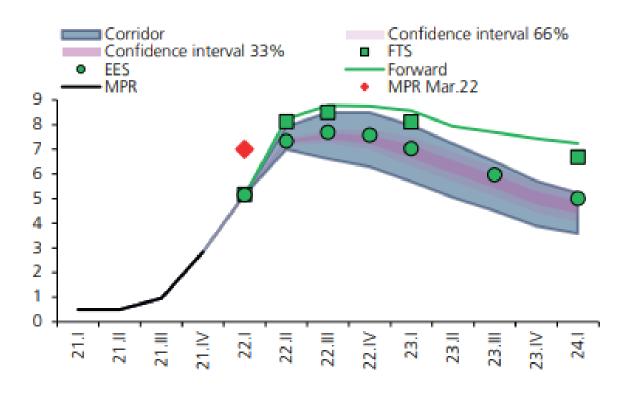


The Bank forecasts the Monetary Policy Rate band under alternative scenarios (corridor).

The market view (implied forward curve) is analyzed for the effectiveness of the conduct of monetary policy.

MPR Corridor(*)

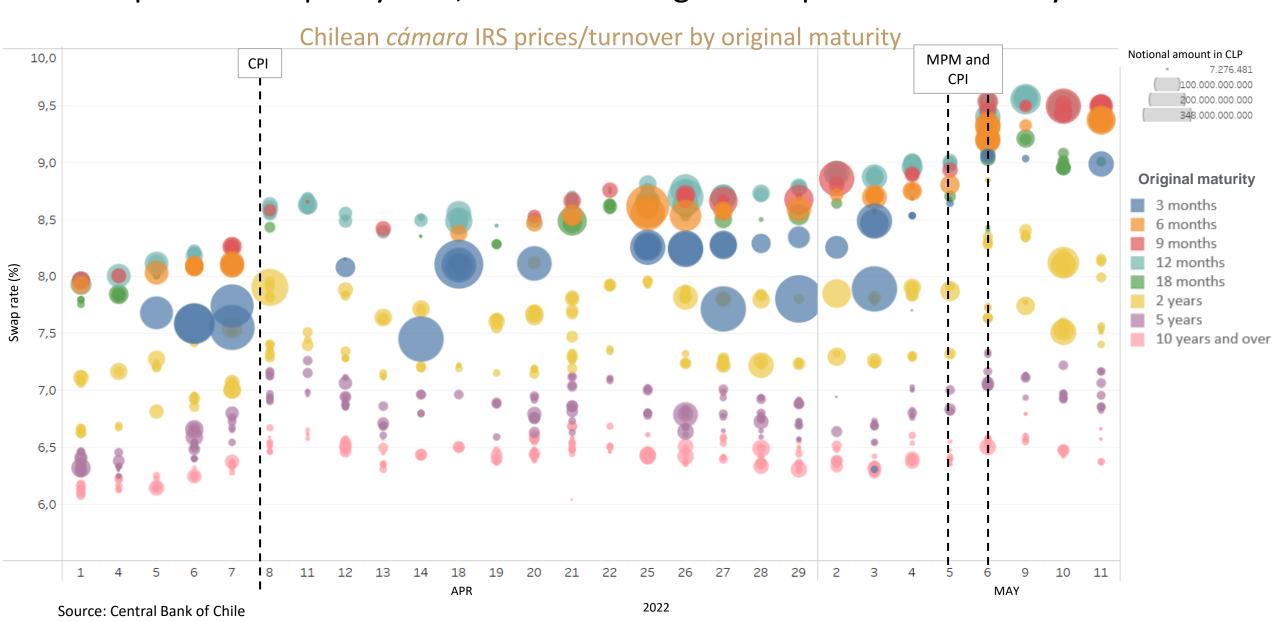
(quartely average, percent)



Source: Central Bank of Chile - Monetary Policy Report of March 2022

(*) The corridor is built by following the methodology presented in boxes V.1 of March 2020 Report and V.3 of March 2022 Report. Includes March EES, FTS pre-policy-meeting of March and the average smoothed forward curve of quarter to 23 March. This is calculated by extracting the implicit MPR considering the forward curve on the interest rate swap curve up to 2 years, discounting the fixed rates at every maturity at the simple accrual of the ICP. For the current quarter the surveys and the forwards consider the average daily effective and are completed with the respective sources.

Significant variations in swap prices tend to reflect changes in expectations of the future path of the policy rate, which attract greater speculative activity.



Monthly report containing the main insights in the FX, IR and inflation banking derivatives market







Informe de derivados financieros

Evolución del mercado bancario de derivados sobre tipo de cambio CLP-USD, inflación y tasas de interés local.

MARZO 2022

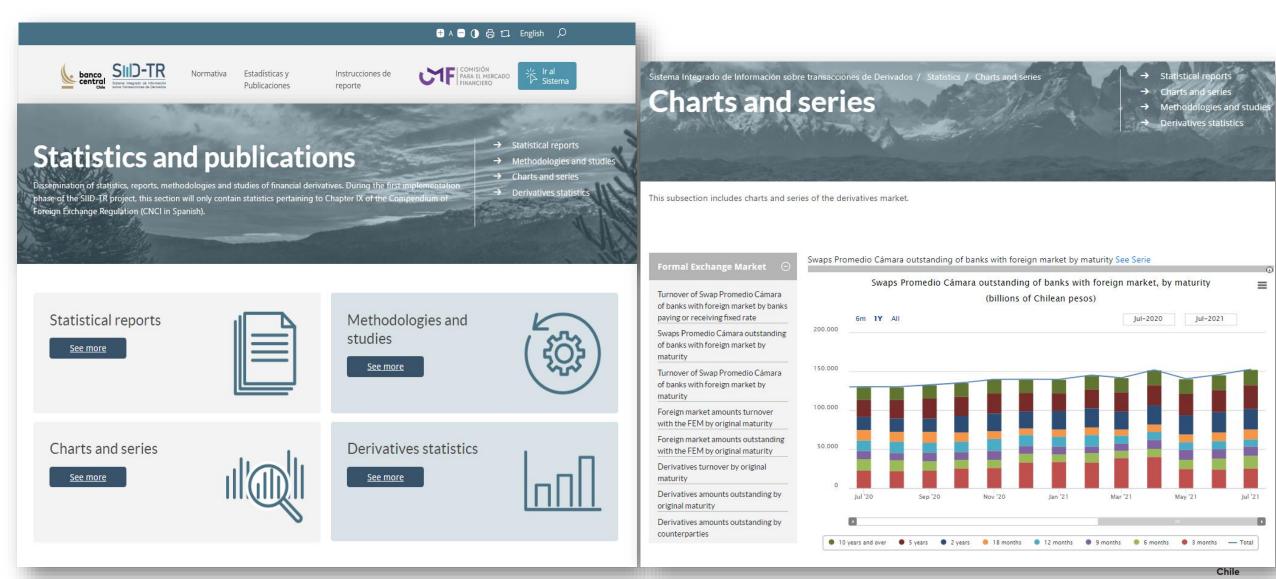
El Informe de derivados financieros presente tiene por objetivo brindar información a los distintos agentes participantes del mercado de derivados en Chile y sus reguladores, así como al público general. Este ha sido elaborado a partir de los datos contenidos en la Infraestructura de mercado financiero "SIID-TR".

Este informe mensual se publica el día 23 de cada mes, e incluye gráficos y las principales cifras del mercado de derivados de bancos sobre monedas CLP-USD, inflación y Swap promedio Cámara. Adicionalmente, en el <u>Portal Web del SIID</u> se dispone de un set de estadísticas de alta frecuencia y oportunidad sobre operaciones de derivados negociados por las entidades residentes, en lo que se refiere a montos suscritos y posiciones vigentes, desglosados por sector económico, plazos, pares de monedas, entre otros.



A web portal was implemented which centralizes all information related to the trade repository.

https://www.siid.cl/en/home





Challenges:

- Demands for new information
- Data quality
- Coordination with Financial Market Commission
- SIID-TR coverage to other assets class
- Team of professionals with a high level of expertise in "derivatives" and analytics.







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